| Name | e Class Date | |
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| GU | JIDED READING | |
| | bama: Our Beautiful Home pter 5: Settlement of a Territory | |
| | tion 1 Pioneers ctions: Use the information from pages 131 - 137 to complete the following. | |
| 1. | . The 100 years between 1800 and 1900 brought many | to |
| | Alabama. | |
| 2. | . The number of living in the territory | very |
| | fast. | |
| 3. | . These new people wanted the Alabama Territory to become a | · |
| 4. | . So in 1819, Alabama became the state to join the | |
| | of | |
| 5. | . The American from | Alabama in |
| | what was called the "" | |
| 6. | growth stopped during the war [Civil War]. | |
| 7. | activities are those that try to make money. | |
| 8. | . "fever" struck the southern states after the Ti | eaty of Fort |
| | Jackson. | |
| 9. | . The Creek Indians had (given up) much of their land in A | Alabama to |
| | the United States government. | |
| 10 | 0. The U.S. government then the land to settlers. | |
| 11. | 1. This migration of settlers into Alabama changed the | from |
| | mainly to largely | |
| l | | |

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|-----|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| 12. | Settlers heard repo | rts of | land, | climate, and |
| | | (passable I | oy ship) rivers in Alab | ama. |
| 13. | They were willing to |) | their | for a new frontier |
| 14. | Α | is land be | eyond settled areas. | |
| 15. | Some settlers were | already rich. The | ese well-educated peo | ople brought their slaves an |
| | belongings to make | e a new | in richer | They |
| | | large areas of | | |
| 16. | But | of the | | were |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

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| GU | IDED READING | ; | |
| | bama: Our Beau ter 5: Settlement of a Ter | | |
| | • | en to Settlement rmation from pages 1 | 138 - 144 to complete the |
| 1. | Some of the earliest settle | ers came to present-d | ay Alabama before the |
| | | had land to sell. | They did not to |
| | land. | | |
| 2. | They just | a place to live, | the land, |
| | log | cabins, and | crops. |
| 3. | These people were know | n as | · |
| 4. | After the land was | , it v | was to the people |
| | who were willing to | the | money. |
| 5. | Some people formed | | and bought |
| | ar | mounts of land at very | v low prices. |
| 6. | They were called specula | ators or land | |
| 7. | Α | buys something | planning to sell it later for a profit. |
| 8. | Most of the | were neithe | er squatters nor speculators. |
| 9. | They were | farmers. | |
| 10 | . A is | s a person who owns a | and works a small farm. |
| 11. | . Most settlers lived in | | |
| 12 | . At one end of the cabin w | /as a large | · |
| 13 | . It [fireplace] was used for | | the cabin and for |

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| 14. | Log cabins were built close to a | or | SO |
| | families could have water to | , for bath | ning, and |
| | clothes. | | |
| 15. | Most cabins had only | _ room. | |
| 16. | a field for | | _was harder than building a |
| | log cabin. | | |
| 17. | First, the settlers had to | down all the | · |
| 18. | were not easy to grow | Ι. | |
| 19. | was the main farm c | rop. | |
| 20. | They made | _and cane | from sugarcane. |
| 21. | Most early pioneers did not have | | |
| 22. | Families had fun too. They | each ot | her or had parties. |
| 23. | Α | was one of the | favorite get-togethers. |
| 24. | The settlers gathered to | (take the husk o | ff) corn. |
| 25. | They [settlers] did not have time to thin | k about | |
| 26. | In 1799, William and John | opened the | e school in |
| | Alabama. | | |
| 27. | These early schools were sometimes of | alled " | schools." |
| 28. | The students would | aloud all at once. | |
| 29. | Most schools | have many I | books. |
| 30. | Pupils had pencils or pape | r on which to write. | |
| 31. | Instead, they | _ and | their lessons. |
| 32. | One teacher taught the _ | | · |

Alabama: Our Beautiful Home

| Name | | | Class | | Date | |
|------|----------------|---|---------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|
| GU | IDED R | EADING | | | | |
| | | Our Beauti ment of a Territo | | | | |
| | on 3 tions: | Different Cultur Use the informa following. | | | | |
| 1. | On the | | , there were | people from A | American Indian, Frer | nch, |
| | Spanish, ar | nd British | | | | |
| 2. | There were | also yeoman | | _, slaves, | | , and |
| | plantation o | owners. | | | | |
| 3. | Α | | was a black | person who w | vas not a slave. | |
| 4. | | people in | Alabama who g | grew | were | |
| | | farme | ers. | | | |
| 5. | But some of | the wealthier set | tlers | lar | ge areas of land. | |
| 6. | These big fa | arms were called | | | and the people who | owned |
| | them were | called | | | | |
| 7. | Planters | | | | _ who farmed the larg | e |
| | plantations | | | | | |
| 8. | Plantations | used | | | to grow most of the | food that |
| | they neede | d. | | | | |
| 9. | The | | of wealthy p | lanters did no | t have to go to one-ro | om |
| | schools. | | | | | |
| 10 | . Planters | | teachers fo | r their | | |
| 11 | . Some | | of plantation | owners went | to special schools in | town. |
| | | | | | | |

| Name | Cl | lass | Date |
|------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | IDED READING | | |
| | bama: Our Beautifiter 5: Settlement of a Territory | | |
| | on 4 Slavery in Alaban tions: Use the information following. | | 3 to complete the |
| 1. | The first | _ people to settle in | arrived with |
| | the | | |
| 2. | The first | to co | ome to America was a |
| | ship. | | |
| 3. | It brought | slaves to Jamestown | i, in |
| | 1619. | | |
| 4. | Slaves were brought into | in 172 | 21 on the ship <i>Africane</i> . |
| 5. | The slaves were | to work. They coul | d not their jobs |
| | or the a | area. | |
| 6. | slav | ves into the United States | was the |
| | after 1808. | | |
| 7. | In 1860, about | of A | labama families |
| | slaves. | | |
| 8. | Some [slaves] worked as | hands in | the fields. |
| 9. | Other slaves worked in and are | ound the | |
| 10. | . Older women cared for young | | during the day while their |
| | parents worked. | | |
| 11. | . But even | | worked. |
| 12 | . Plantation owners | food for the | e slaves. |

Alabama: Our Beautiful Home

| Name_ | | Class | Date _ | |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 13. | Some slave | (masters) | | give the |
| | slaves | food. | | |
| 14. | Masters gave out | | _twice a year. | |
| 15. | The plantation owner's | most | often treated | |
| | slaves. | | | |
| 16. | When two | wanted to get _ | | , the man |
| | would ask the master, who | often married the cou | ple. | |
| 17. | Most | _ wanted slaves to ma | arry and have | |
| | families. The planters wan | ted | slaves to work c | on the plantation. |
| 18. | | was important in the li | fe of a slave. | |
| 19. | There were many | concerning sla | ves. | |
| 20. | The | we | re laws made to | |
| | the slaves in every way. | | | |
| 21. | It was against the law to | s | laves to | or |
| | | | | |
| 22. | By law, slaves | | carry weapons | , own land, or speak |
| | against a white man in cou | rt. | | |
| 23. | One of the worst things abo | out being a slave was | being | |
| 24. | all | in Ala | bama were slaves. | |
| 25. | A small number of slaves _ | | their | |
| 26. | Sometimes a | would | a sla | ave his or her |
| | freedom. | | | |
| 27. | There were also | laws fo | or | blacks. |

Alabama: Our Beautiful Home

| Name_ | | Class | | Date | |
|-------|--|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 28. | They had to carry | | to | they v | vere free. |
| 29. | They [free blacks] | could not | and ha | d only a small ch | nance to get an |
| | | was pick | ed, the small | | had to be |
| | removed from the I This was done by | | and it took hours | of work. | |
| | | na | | | changed all of |
| 33. | He made a simple of the fiber. | | that could t | take the seeds _ | |
| 34. | - | s invention the "cotto | on engine," later sh | nortened to | |
| 35. | | (1807-188 | 5) was born a | | in South |
| 36. | Carolina. He [King] went on | to be a huge succes | s as an | , | architect, and |
| 37. | King was one of th | e | former | | in |
| 38. | Alabama. As of | the cotton spread, la | andowners arew | | cotton. |
| | | n made a big differer | | | |
| | | includes a | | | |
| | and services. | | | | |

| Name_ | | _ Class | Date |
|-------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 41. | It [cotton gin] helped Al | abama become the " | |
| | of the South. | | |
| 42. | The | market for co | tton grew rapidly. |
| 43. | This was because more | e cotton was needed for | r the |
| | of 0 | Great Britain and France | 2. |
| 44. | These | were factories built | near rivers with swift-flowing water. |
| 45. | The water turned a | | _ that then moved the factory parts. |
| | | | |
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