

CHAPTER 13: WEST VIRGINIA AND RECONSTRUCTION**Section 4: A Famous Feud**

Directions: Use the information from pages 501-507 to complete the following statements.

1. While the new state of West Virginia was struggling to resolve _____ and _____ issues after the Civil War, a famous _____ broke out.
2. The feud, between _____ families who lived across the _____ River from one another, actually had its beginning in the _____ when the West Virginia Hatfields supported the _____ and the Kentucky McCoys supported the _____.
3. One of the most-mentioned stories is that the feud erupted after an argument over some _____. Descendants of the two families have _____ this version, however.
4. Floyd _____ and Randolph (Ranel) _____, who had married _____, often tended pigs that roamed wild in the countryside.
5. One day in 1873, _____ gathered up a _____ and her _____ and took them to his farm. When _____ went to the Hatfield farm, he accused Floyd of _____ the pigs.
6. Hatfield had to stand _____ for the charges _____ brought against him. At the end of the trial, Floyd Hatfield was _____ of the charges, primarily on the vote of _____ McCoy, who was married to a _____.
7. The _____ ancestry of both families made them intensely _____ to family.
8. The McCoys singled out and _____ Bill Stanton, the _____ of a Hatfield, in retaliation for his _____ during the trial.
9. One day while he was hunting, Stanton came upon _____ and _____ McCoy. Stanton fired at them, wounding _____.

Name: _____

Date: _____

10. Sam then attacked _____. During the fighting, Sam fired his gun, mortally wounding _____.
11. Sam McCoy was charged and tried for Stanton's _____. The jury _____ him, ruling that the shooting was _____.
12. On Election Day 1880, both families turned out to _____ and vote for their favorite _____.
13. Johnse _____ and Roseanna _____ were among those taking part in the festivities.
14. Roseanna went home with the _____ so she could be with _____.
15. Although he knew his son loved _____, Devil Anse _____ would not give his permission for the two to _____.
16. About a _____ after she first went to live with the Hatfields, Roseanna moved in with an _____. She was about _____ months pregnant at the time.
17. During one of Johnse's frequent visits, Roseanna's _____ captured him and set out to take him to the McCoy homestead in Pikeville, _____.
18. Upset by her brothers' actions, Roseanna rode to _____ house to tell him what had happened. He gathered his men, headed off the McCoys, and _____ Johnse.
19. Devil Anse realized that Roseanna must truly _____ his son.
20. He was sorry that he had not given the two young people his _____ to marry.
21. Johnse, however, believed Roseanna had _____ him. He never crossed the _____ to be with Roseanna again.
22. In 1881, their _____ Sarah Elizabeth was born, but she died a few months later during a _____ epidemic.
23. Election Day _____ is generally given as the " _____ " start of the feud. It was on that day that _____ Hatfield and _____ McCoy got into a fistfight.

Name: _____

Date: _____

24. The fighting intensified, and _____ Anderson Hatfield rushed to _____ the men.
25. A shot rang out, and _____ fell seriously wounded.
26. Law officials _____ the McCoys, but the Hatfield family _____ them on their way to the jail and took the McCoys _____.
27. At about 3:00 p.m. on the day after he was _____, Ellison Hatfield _____. Just after dusk, the three McCoy boys were _____ and _____.
28. None of the seventeen persons for whom _____ were issued were ever _____, and so the _____ continued.
29. During the next _____ years, sporadic _____ continued. In 1888, the Hatfields made another major raid into _____. Their objective was to _____ Randolph McCoy.
30. The Hatfields were eventually _____ when Kentucky _____ Simon Bolivar Buckner sent _____ to West Virginia to arrest and transport them to _____.
31. The matter eventually found its way to the U.S. _____ Court, which ruled that the arrests were _____ since the Kentucky officers entered West Virginia in the _____ of criminals.
32. The feud died down on its own after _____ authorities become involved.
33. A _____ end to the feud occurred on May 1, 1976, at the dedication of a _____ family monument.
34. At the dedication ceremony, Willis Hatfield, the last surviving _____ of Devil Anse Hatfield, and Jim McCoy shook hands and thus _____ buried the hatchet.

Focus on Culture: Preserving the Hatfield-McCoy Feud

35. The Hatfields and the McCoys, who lived across the Tug Fork of the Big _____ River from one another, fought on _____ sides during the Civil War.

Name: _____

Date: _____

36. Asa Harmon McCoy suffered a broken _____ and was discharged from the _____ Army in late December 1865.
37. Two weeks later he was killed by a local _____ militia led by Devil Anse _____.
38. No one was ever _____ for the murder.
39. It (the murder) created _____ feelings and a call for _____ that lasted over _____ years.
40. Theatre West Virginia first offered an outdoor _____ that told the story of the Hatfield-McCoy _____ at the Cliffside Amphitheatre in 1970.
41. The annual Hatfield and McCoy _____ Festival and Marathon is held in Matewan and Williamson, West Virginia.