

Name: _____

Date: _____

ACTIVITY FOR LEARNING

Chapter 2: Government and Civics

Quick Review – This or That

Use information from Chapter 2 of your textbook to learn more about government and civics.

Instructions: Write on the blank line the correct option to make the statement true.

- _____ 1. In a (presidential or parliamentary) democracy, the prime minister is the head of government.
- _____ 2. In a (confederation or federal) government, power is shared among different levels of government.
- _____ 3. In a (unitary or federal) government, the central (national) government holds most of the power.
- _____ 4. In a (confederation or unitary) government, the central government is weak and the local governments have the power.
- _____ 5. In a(n) (autocracy or democracy), the ruler has absolute, total power.
- _____ 6. In a(n) (autocracy or democracy), the citizens get to vote for their leaders.
- _____ 7. In an (autocracy or oligarchy), a small group controls the government.
- _____ 8. The (legislative or judicial) branch issues rulings on laws and hears court cases.
- _____ 9. The (legislative or executive) branch makes the laws and sets the budget.
- _____ 10. The (legislative or executive) branch carries out the laws and may include a president.
- _____ 11. In a(n) (absolute or constitutional) monarchy, the monarch has total power.
- _____ 12. In a(n) (absolute or constitutional) monarchy, the monarch's power is limited by a constitution.
- _____ 13. In a (presidential or parliamentary) democracy, the head of government is directly elected by citizens.
- _____ 14. In a (presidential or parliamentary) democracy, the citizens elect members to parliament who then choose the head of government.
- _____ 15. In a(n) (unicameral or bicameral) legislature, the legislative branch is divided into two houses.