

GUIDED READING

South Carolina the Beautiful Palmetto State

Chapter 16: South Carolina Up To Date

Section 1

Population: More People, More Diversity

Directions:

Use the information from pages 492 - 494 to complete the following.

1. The population of both the state and the nation is growing _____ and more _____ with each decade.
2. Both trends are boosted by a new _____ passed in 1965.
3. The law was designed to _____ the stain of _____ that had been evident in the immigration quota laws of the 1920s.
4. A _____ is an official limit on the number or amount of people or things that are allowed.
5. The new immigration law of 1965 encouraged _____ with certain _____ and good _____ to apply for admission.
6. The Great Migration of blacks _____ of the state from about World War I to the 1960s _____ about 1970.
7. The _____ brought by the _____ movement made life in South Carolina more attractive to blacks.
8. Census data reveal that South Carolinians on average were becoming more _____ (wealthy, prosperous) in the last several decades.
9. The _____ (per person) income reached forty-sixth among the

Name _____

Class _____

Date _____

states.

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Section 2 The Economy and the Environment

Directions: Use the information from pages 496 - 501 to complete the following.

1. The surprise development in the early twenty-first century was the emergence of the _____ industry.
2. The rise of automobile and related manufacturing started with _____, the French _____ maker and exploded with _____, the luxury _____ producer.
3. In the year 2011, South Carolina _____ more _____ to foreign countries than any other state. The state was also number _____ in export of _____.
4. The foreign investments in South Carolina are part of a much larger trend in the world economy called _____ (the free flow of business enterprises, capital goods, labor, and information across national lines).
5. The increased economic _____ generated by an _____ is called the multiplier effect.
6. When an increase in _____ produces an increase in _____ and _____ greater than the initial amount spent, it is called the _____.
7. The _____ job with the _____ multiplier effect is the building of _____ vehicles.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

8. It is estimated that for every one _____ in this industry, _____ other jobs are generated.
9. The motor _____ cluster of industries employed about fifty thousand workers by 2007 and pumps an estimated \$29 _____ annually into the _____ economy.
10. Related to the automotive cluster is the _____ industry.
11. _____ is one of the _____ largest manufacturers of aircraft.
12. Most of the _____ in the state is clustered in the _____ areas of a few counties.
13. Fifteen metro area _____ are growing and their per capita _____ is moving up toward the _____ average.
14. Thirty-one _____ counties have slow growth and _____ incomes.
15. Even with the exciting new developments, there are _____ jobs in manufacturing in our state.
16. The reason for these fewer jobs is that advanced _____ has replaced many _____ and many companies _____ manufacturing to _____ where workers are _____ expensive.
17. After a century of dominance, South Carolina's _____ industry was in steady _____.
18. One constant in the state's economy since World War II, has been the contribution of

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

the _____.

19. Another constant major contributor to the South Carolina economy is

_____.

20. Catering to tourists is the biggest industry in the _____ region.

21. The development of tourism and the growth of manufacturing raise concerns about their

long-term _____ on our state's _____, _____,

and _____.

22. Great concentrations of people, housing, and automobiles contribute to

_____ of water, air and salt marshes.

23. _____ and _____ wastes are of great concern

because of their threat to _____.

24. The main federal agency _____ pollution is the _____

Protection Agency (EPA). The _____ of this agency is to

_____ the quality of air, water, and waste disposal in the public's interest.

25. Politicians who run state government are often faced with a _____

_____ (loyalty to two goals or interests that are competing).

26. The governor, for example, appoints and _____ the regulators

whose job it is to _____ the environment and public health. But he is

also expected to persuade corporations to build _____ in the state

which want _____ regulations and restrictions.

27. _____ is attracting more attention as urban growth

takes over more of the state's land.

28. People and the government recognize the need to _____ open spaces

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so that it can never be used for factories, housing developments, or shopping malls.

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Section 3 The Political Scene: 1980 - 2012

Directions: Use the information from pages 502 - 509 to complete the following.

1. Republican president, Ronald _____ made cuts in federal funding for _____, health, housing, the environment, _____, and the arts. He managed to keep _____ growth under control.
2. He increased _____ spending.
3. The _____ empire fell apart in 1991 during Reagan's administration, and the _____ was over.
4. Arkansas Governor Bill _____ won the _____ in 1992, and returned the _____ to power.
5. In 1994, politics became much more _____ (strongly supporting a party, cause, or person), and politicians were much less willing to compromise.
6. Clinton and _____ were able to cooperate in making new _____ agreements that contributed to the process of _____.
7. George W. _____ won the president in 2000. It was the most _____ election since the disputed election of 1876, and was _____ by the U.S. _____ Court.
8. Bush, was still new, in the White House when _____ struck on September _____, 2001, _____ nearly three thousand

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

_____ citizens.

9. The Bush administration claimed that _____ was supporting the terrorists and was hiding _____ (WMD) (nuclear or biological weapons designed to kill large numbers of people), so the United States _____ Iraq in 2003.
10. In 2007, the economy crashed into the _____ the sharpest recession since the Great Depression of the 1930s.
11. During the Great Recession, the _____ rate for _____ Americans stood at eight percent; the rate for _____ Americans was about 16 percent.
12. During most of the 1980s, popular _____ governor, Richard W. _____ advanced _____ harmony and worked for _____ reform.
13. Under pressure from the public, the legislature passed the **Education _____ Act (EIA)** in 1984.
14. The successor to Riley in 1987, Carroll A. _____, Jr., was a very active _____ who _____ the office of governor. He also pushed for _____ in the _____ of the government.
15. In 1985, the General Assembly elected the first _____ American _____, Ernest A. Finney, Jr.
16. David M. _____, another Republican, succeeded in getting business and property _____.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

17. Beasley suggested the removal of the _____ flag from atop the state House dome because he claimed it was bad for racial _____.
18. Democratic Governor James H. _____ continued to work for the removal of the _____ and tried to improve _____ in the state.
19. Governor Mark _____ strongly advocated providing a \$2,500 _____ (a coupon issued to parents to help fund a child's private education) per child to help families send children to private rather than public schools.
20. In 2010, South Carolina elected its _____ and first _____ governor, Nimrata "Nikki" Ranhawa _____, a Republican businesswoman, born of _____ parents from India.
21. In recent years, _____ have felt a _____ pinch.
22. The causes are lowered _____ and the reduced amount of _____ collected during the Great Recession.

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Section 4 The Broader Culture

Directions: Use the information from pages 510 - 515 to complete the following.

1. _____ includes our total way of life — the sum total of all the skills, _____, ideas, _____, _____, and folkways that make up our way of life in our particular society.
2. _____ **culture** or "pop culture" refers to those cultural activities that _____ to the general masses.
3. One of the noticeable and exciting things about modern South Carolina is the expanding _____ opportunities within the state.
4. Almost every little town has a _____ or _____ house.
5. South Carolinians are especially fond of _____ and _____.
6. Of a more serious nature is the _____ **Festival** in Charleston.
7. This huge celebration of _____, dance, _____, and visual arts runs for seventeen days each spring.
8. The availability of _____, either in _____ or _____ form, is powerful evidence of expanding cultural opportunities.
9. _____ has always been an important part of South Carolina's _____.

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

10. Religion has served as a motivation for the _____ of many beneficial institutions, including _____, _____, _____, and _____.
11. Many activities once _____ on _____ are now allowed.
12. One measure of the progress of _____ in society is their _____ in the _____ process.
13. In 2010, 46 percent of women in America _____, a slightly higher rate than _____.
14. Women are attending _____ at a _____ rate than men.
15. South Carolina has been a _____ society and culture from its beginning.
16. Efforts to keep those people _____ and their cultural influence at arm's length have _____.