

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____



North Carolina: People, Places, & Progress

Chapter 14: Stars on the National Stage

Section 4: North Carolina Acts to Preserve Its Resources

Focused Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. The many changes and innovations that occurred after World War II put a great _____ upon the _____ of the state.
2. The _____ movement was able to take advantage of growing _____ and increased awareness during the 1970s and 1980s.
3. As Americans came to have more _____ after World War II, they traveled more often to see North Carolina's sights.
4. An early attraction was the _____ National Park, which quickly became one of the most visited places in the nation.
5. In the 1960s, the owners of the _____ in Asheville opened their mansion to the public.
6. During the same period, the _____ Reservation expanded its interpretation of Native American heritage and opened the Museum of the _____.
7. One of North Carolina's most unusual attractions is the _____.
8. As _____ spread across the state, and urban _____ tore down whole neighborhoods, much of the state's _____ was on the verge of being lost.
9. In the 1960s, the state supported the _____ of the Cape Hatteras _____, which provided access to open beaches for generations to come.

North Carolina: People, Places, & Progress

Chapter 14: Stars on the National Stage

Section 4: North Carolina Acts to Preserve Its Resources

Focused Reading

10. During the 1970s, old _____ communities like Edenton, New Bern, and Salisbury worked hard to save and restore their _____ buildings, those structures that helped tell their local histories.
11. This movement became known as _____, an effort to use what buildings and other structures are left to make a community more appealing and interesting.
12. Communities across the state were soon helped by _____, a foundation that raised money privately to buy and repair endangered structures.
13. North Carolina also became notable for the way it collected and saved _____ objects of the state's heritage.
14. Collecting quilts is an example of _____, where people try to find out the best things they can about their past and continue to use them.
15. Cultural renewal also meant expanding the awareness of North Carolinians about the _____ arts.
16. _____ has been another enduring art form.
17. When real estate developers began to crowd into the mountains with larger and larger buildings, the state passed a _____. This meant that no building could mar the basic _____ of the top of a mountain.
18. In the _____, the principal concern in the later years of the century was the level of _____ in the lower atmosphere.

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____

North Carolina: People, Places, & Progress

Chapter 14: Stars on the National Stage

Section 4: North Carolina Acts to Preserve Its Resources

Focused Reading

19. Less seen, but just as important, was _____ pollution, which began to threaten water supplies for people in _____ cities.
20. With fewer _____ to hold the soil (because of the many new subdivisions and shopping centers), _____ can run off and take the soil with it. This has hurt the _____ of the drinking water and threatened to fill in the _____ built by the Duke Power Company in the earlier part of the century.
21. Many North Carolinians in the 1990s became very concerned about the _____ of the water in the _____.
22. This _____ pollution threatened the wildlife that depend on the _____ for breeding and growing, including the shrimp that provide many state fishermen with a living.
23. Of equal importance was the _____ of sand in some places along the _____.
24. Some scientists have predicted that _____—the gradual rise of temperatures on Earth—will mean that the Atlantic Ocean will cover the _____ and at least some of the sounds will become _____ to the sea.
25. _____ hit North Carolina repeatedly in the late twentieth century, causing much damage.
26. The worst _____ year in the history of the state was 1999. First, a _____ hurt crops on the Coastal Plain. Then, three _____ in a row damaged the state. The worst by far was Hurricane _____.
27. The worst hit town was _____, across the Tar River from Tarboro. _____ had been settled in 1865 by freedmen who

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____

North Carolina: People, Places, & Progress

Chapter 14: Stars on the National Stage

Section 4: North Carolina Acts to Preserve Its Resources

Focused Reading

established the first _____ African American community in the state.