

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

REVIEW AND RETEACH

Missouri: Gateway to the West

Chapter 2: An Introduction to Geography

Section 1 An Introduction to Geography

Directions: Use the information on pages 36 to 46 to complete the following statements.

1. _____ is the exploration and discovery of new places, new cultures, and new ideas.
2. Geography uses various tools to help us tell people _____ a place is and _____ it is like.
3. If we were to travel into space and look back at _____, we would see that it is shaped like a ball.
4. This ball is spinning on an _____, an imaginary line that runs from top to bottom through the middle.
5. At the north end of the axis is the _____.
6. The _____ is at the south end of the axis.
7. There are also _____ imaginary lines on opposite sides of the ball that run from pole to pole.
8. On a map, one of these lines is called the _____.
9. The prime meridian and the 180th meridian divide Earth into two halves, or _____.
10. One half is the _____ *Hemisphere* and the other half is the _____ *Hemisphere*.
11. Another line that can also be drawn around the middle of Earth halfway between the North and South Poles is called the _____.
12. The equator divides earth into the _____ *Hemisphere* and the _____ *Hemisphere*.
13. Missouri is _____ of the equator, so it is in the Northern Hemisphere.
14. It is also west of the prime meridian, so it is in the _____ Hemisphere.

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15. Geography is mostly interested in the _____.
16. The landmasses are divided into _____.
17. There are _____ continents on Earth.
18. Name the seven continents. _____, _____,
_____, _____, _____,
_____.
19. North America is made up of several countries, including the _____
_____.
20. The United States is made up of _____ states, and Missouri is one of those 50
states.
21. The parallel lines that run side to side (east-west) are called lines of
_____, or parallels.
22. The lines that run from top to bottom (north-south) are called lines of
_____, or meridians.
23. We measure the outside of circles or globes like Earth in _____.
24. A full circle has _____ degrees, and a half circle has 180 degrees.
25. Each degree is divided into 60 _____, and each minute is divided into 60
seconds.
26. Using a _____ to find your way or to find out where you are is called
_____.
27. Two other features found on most maps are a _____ and the
_____.
28. *Scale* shows the measure of _____ used on the map.
29. The *compass rose* is a simple arrow or more fancy artwork showing the four points of
the _____ (N, S, E, W).
30. Some maps also contain a _____.
31. The *legend* is a list of the _____ used on the map that tells you what
each represents.
32. _____ is the height of the land.

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33. Good maps such as highway maps, topographical maps, and nautical charts are made by professionals called _____.

34. The art or science of _____ is called *cartography*.

35. Maps are sometimes gathered into one book called an _____.

Section 2 Finding Missouri

Directions: Use the information on pages 48 to 51 to complete the following statements.

1. Look at a map of the United States. What is the name of the river that runs down through the middle of the United States? _____
2. Now look for a long river that starts in the Rocky Mountains in the western part of the United States and flows south and east toward the Mississippi. That is the _____ River.
3. Where rivers meet is called a _____.
4. The Mississippi forms the eastern _____ of the state and across the river are three states: _____, _____, and _____.
5. What are the names of the other 5 states that border Missouri? (use map p49)
_____, _____,
_____, _____, _____
6. The part of the state that sticks down on the map is called the _____ because it also looks like the heel of a boot.
7. In 1883, the railroads divided the country into _____.
8. Missouri is located in the _____ *Standard Time Zone*. (use map p51)