

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____



North Carolina: People, Places, & Progress

Chapter 4: The Natives and the Newcomers

Section 3: European Explorers Come and Go

Focused Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. A little more than _____ years after Christopher Columbus's discoveries, the first Europeans known to set foot on what became _____ waded ashore near _____ in 1524.
2. _____ was an Italian explorer working for the king of France.
3. Verrazano thought that the color of the Carolina beaches meant that _____ had to be nearby, but that was a false hope.
4. Columbus did not find the road to China. He did, however, help establish a vast New World empire controlled by the _____.
5. _____ and six hundred soldiers began to explore the area that became the southeastern United States in 1539. By the middle of 1540, his _____ (a journey for a specific purpose) crossed into the _____.
6. _____ was a Portuguese soldier in the Spanish army. His _____ left a base camp on the South Carolina coast in 1569 and followed the rivers to much of the same area earlier explored by _____. Pardo's group included _____ priests who tried to convert the natives to _____ beliefs and habits.
7. By the late 1500s, the _____ had grown in strength and power and wanted a part of the New World riches for themselves.

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8. In 1578, _____ and _____ convinced the queen to plan an expedition to find the _____ so that England would benefit and grow rich by the trade with other nations. Then Queen Elizabeth granted a _____ (a type of document issued by a monarch) to explore the New World.

9. The _____ expeditions were the first English attempts to settle in the New World.