

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_



## ***Louisiana: Our History, Our Home***

### ***Chapter 8: Louisiana from Colony to Territory to State -***

#### ***Section 3: Statehood and Early Government***

#### **Guided Reading**

**Instructions:** Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. Louisiana formally became the eighteenth state in the Union on \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Less than three months after Louisiana became a state, President \_\_\_\_\_ declared war on Great Britain, and the War of 1812 began.
3. The war between Great Britain and the United States began because of issues that had never been fully resolved at the end of the \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Great Britain had the world's largest and most powerful \_\_\_\_\_, but it was hard to recruit \_\_\_\_\_.
5. One way the British gained sailors was to overtake American ships at sea and *press* (force) the common sailors into service. This practice was called \_\_\_\_\_ and was one source of \_\_\_\_\_ between the two nations.
6. The British were also still occupying their \_\_\_\_\_ along the borders of the United States, and they were using the forts to entice Native Americans to \_\_\_\_\_ frontier areas.
7. Despite two years of fighting, by mid-1814 very little \_\_\_\_\_ had been gained or lost by either side.
8. The most spectacular event from the U.S. perspective occurred when the British took control of the nation's capital city, \_\_\_\_\_ in August 1814, and \_\_\_\_\_ many buildings, including the White House.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ saw the War of 1812 as an opportunity for vengeance for the damage done to him by the British.
10. The \_\_\_\_\_ troops led by General Sir Edward Michael Pakenham poorly positioned themselves on a narrow strip of land between the Mississippi River and a cypress swamp.
11. \_\_\_\_\_ had less than half of the number of troops the British had, and they were not well \_\_\_\_\_.

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12. The major battle between the two forces, which took place early on the morning of January 8, 1815, is known as the \_\_\_\_\_.
13. Having no choice after heavy fighting, the British \_\_\_\_\_ to Jackson and began \_\_\_\_\_ of their troops.
14. Ironically, Great Britain and the United States had signed a \_\_\_\_\_ at Ghent, Belgium, on December 24, 1814.
15. The creation of the state's first \_\_\_\_\_ also *melled* (blended) the French language and Creole outlook into a document based on Kentucky's constitution.
16. \_\_\_\_\_ was elected the first state governor. After that, the office \_\_\_\_\_ regularly between a Creole and an American.
17. In the presidential election of 1824, Jackson won the popular vote by a wide margin, but did not get enough votes in the \_\_\_\_\_ (the group that formally elects the president and vice president) to confirm his victory. The U.S. House of Representatives had to decide who would become \_\_\_\_\_.
18. Henry Clay gave his support to Adams, which led to victory for Adams. Once he became president, Adams named Clay secretary of state. This outcome led many to charge that Adams and Clay had engaged in a \_\_\_\_\_, and this became a nickname for the election's outcome.
19. When the presidential election of 1828 took place, voter turnout tripled nationwide, and \_\_\_\_\_ won the presidency in a landslide.
20. Jackson was the first \_\_\_\_\_ American to become president, and he was hailed as a hero of the \_\_\_\_\_.
21. While the state's politics would retain many distinctive aspects after 1824, Louisiana's voters became much more interested in \_\_\_\_\_.