



Louisiana: Our History, Our Home

Chapter 13: The Era of Huey Long - Section 1: Politics in the 1920s

Guided Reading

Instructions: Read the section and complete each item with words from the passages in this section.

1. Federal legislation and later the adoption of the _____
_____ to the U.S. Constitution made the manufacture and
_____ of _____ illegal as of January 1, 1920.
2. _____ supporters were often motivated by
_____ religious beliefs that _____ alcohol
consumption.
3. The complex _____ of the southern parishes also aided
_____.
4. As he entered the governor's office, _____ was determined to
continue reforming Louisiana in line with his _____ ideas.
5. _____ was also lauded (_____) at the time for his
support of the state's first ever _____.
6. The creation of a severance tax required companies to pay a set percentage of the
_____ or _____ of the _____
_____ they removed from the land.
7. _____ had established a successful law practice, mostly defending
_____ against large
_____ and corporations.
8. The _____ had been created in
1898 to regulate the operations and safety of _____,
_____, and other kinds of emerging _____
like telephone and electricity companies.
9. By 1921, he became _____ of the Commission and used his
role to establish a statewide reputation as a champion for _____
_____ against utility companies and corporations.
10. Huey first began a campaign for _____ in 1923, promising the
construction of a _____ system of modern, paved _____,
and _____, including a Mississippi River bridge.

Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____



Louisiana: Our History, Our Home

Chapter 13: The Era of Huey Long - Section 1: Politics in the 1920s

Guided Reading

11. The _____ was one of the worst natural disasters in the nation's history.
12. Unfortunately, the “_____ - _____” policy previously adopted by the Army Corps of Engineers to control the _____ and protect cities actually made the flooding _____.
13. Arkansas, Mississippi, and Louisiana suffered the worst, with _____ overtopping or _____ the levees in more than _____ locations.
14. A group of powerful and wealthy men formed an organization called the _____.
15. They developed a plan to _____ the levees _____ New Orleans to ease _____ on the levees in the city.
16. The members of the Citizens Flood Relief Committee promised to make _____ to people who would be _____ and to provide them temporary _____ in New Orleans until the water receded.
17. Long's _____ message, which focused on the needs of the _____, had great resonance (significance, importance) for people who felt that those in power disregarded their _____.